

GJ Transactions - Cancellation of discounts on R/D cheques

Remember: When a customer buys on credit the sale is recorded in the DJ. The transactions occurs as follows in the General Ledger:

Dr Debtors control (*and Individual debtor account* in the Debtors Ledger) – this is an asset account
Cr Sales – this is an income account

However, when a debtors pays at a later date for the amount owing, the following occurs in the General Ledger:

Dr Bank – business is receiving cash
Cr Debtors control (*and Individual debtor account* in the Debtors Ledger)

If it so happens that the cheque payment is not accepted by your clients' ban, then the cheque is said to be dishonoured (**R/D**), i.e. refer to drawer. There are a number of reasons why a cheque may be dishonoured. It may be that the drawer does not have sufficient funds for the payment to be done by the bank; there may be a mistake on the cheque which is scratched by the drawer; the date may be incorrectly written, etc... look at the notes we did in Chapter 4 of your textbook and *Gr 10 Dishonoured cheque* notes on Apollo or the WhatsApp group.

When a cheque from the debtor is dishonoured by the bank, it is entered in the CPJ and the amount on the cheque is added again to the debtors' balance owing.

What happens when business has allowed a discount for early payment?

Discount must now be added to the debtors' account because the business did not receive this money. The transaction is entered in the GJ since it is not a cash transaction, like this:

Dr Debtors control
Cr Discount allowed

For example

01 Oct 2018 The bank returned S Salamon's cheque, marked refer to drawer, as a result of insufficient funds, R150. The cheque was in settlement of his account of R170.

To dance the refer to drawer cheque:

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CPJ10

| Doc. no. | Day | Name of payee | Fol. | Bank | Debtors control |
|-----------------|------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|
| BS | 01 | S Salamon (R/D cheque) | D1 | 150 | 150 |

To cancel the discount:

| Doc. no. | Day | Details | Fol. | Debit | Credit | Debtors control | | Creditors control | |
|----------|-----|---|------|-------|--------|-----------------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | | | Debit | Credit | Debit | Credit |
| JV1 | 01 | S Salamon | D1 | 20 | | 20 | | | |
| | | Discount allowed (Cancel discount on dishonoured cheque) | N9 | | 20 | | | | |
| | | | | | | 20 | | | |

B10

**Posting to General Ledger
Balance Sheet account**

Dr

Debtors control

| Date | Details | Fol. | Amount | Date | Details | Fol. | Amount |
|----------|-------------------|-------|--------|------|---------|------|--------|
| 2018 Oct | Bank (R/D cheque) | CPJ10 | 150 | | | | |

Nominal account

Dr

Discount allowed

| Date | Details | Fol. | Amount | Date | Details | Fol. | Amount |
|------|---------|------|--------|----------|-----------|------|--------|
| | | | | 2018 Oct | S Salamon | GJ10 | 20 |

Debtors Ledger of FEM Traders

S Salamon

| Date | Details/Document no. | Fol. | Debit | Credit | Balance |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|---------|
| 2018 Oct | Debit note/cheque R/D | CPJ10 | 150 | | 150 |
| | Journal voucher no. 1/diskont allowed | GJ10 | 20 | | 170 |

The effect on the accounting equation:

| Assets | Owner's equity | Liabilities |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| +170 Debtors increased | -20 Diskont allowed | |
| -150 cash decreased | | |

Carefully study the example on p.175 & 176 in your textbook, as well.